## **State of South Dakota**

## SEVENTY-SEVENTH SESSION LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, 2002

834H0048

## HOUSE BILL NO. 1199

Introduced by: Representatives Richter, Begalka, Broderick, Frost, Hansen (Tom), Hennies (Thomas), Murschel, and Smidt and Senators Apa, Olson (Ed), and Putnam

1	FOR AN	ACT ENTITLED, An Act to revise certain provisions relating to the general fund levy
2	of a s	chool district.
3	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA:	
4	Section	on 1. That § 10-12-42 be amended to read as follows:
5	10-12	2-42. For taxes payable in $\frac{2002}{2003}$ and each year thereafter, the levy for the general
6	fund of a school district shall be as follows:	
7	(1)	The maximum tax levy shall be thirteen dollars and ninety-three cents per thousand
8		dollars of taxable valuation subject to the limitations on agricultural property as
9		provided in subdivision (2) of this section, owner-occupied property as provided for
10		in subdivision (3) of this section, and nonagricultural acreage property as provided for
11		in subdivision (4) of this section;
12	(2)	The maximum tax levy on agricultural property for such school district shall be four
13		dollars and four cents per thousand dollars of taxable valuation. If the district's levies
14		are less than the maximum levies as stated in this section, the levies shall maintain the
15		same proportion to each other as represented in the mathematical relationship at the

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maximum	Levies
maximum	

(3)	The maximum tax levy for an owner-occupied single-family dwelling as defined in
	§ 10-13-40, for such school district may not exceed six dollars and fifty cents per
	thousand dollars of taxable valuation. If the district's levies are less than the maximum
	levies as stated in this section, the levies shall maintain the same proportion to each
	other as represented in the mathematical relationship at the maximum levies; and

(4) The maximum tax levy on nonagricultural acreage property as defined in § 10-6-33.14, for such school district shall be five dollars and four cents per thousand dollars of taxable valuation. If the district's levies are less than the maximum levies as stated in this section, the levies shall maintain the same proportion to each other as represented in the mathematical relationship at the maximum levies.

All levies in this section shall be imposed on valuations where the median level of assessment represents eighty-five percent of market value as determined by the Department of Revenue. These valuations shall be used for all school funding purposes. If the district has imposed an excess levy pursuant to § 10-12-43, the levies shall maintain the same proportion to each other as represented in the mathematical relationship at excess levy shall be made in proportion to the taxable valuation without regard to the maximum levies in this section. The school district may elect to tax at less than the maximum amounts set forth in this section.